

Name: _____

Total: \$ _____

Date: _____

Company: _____

Cash or CC in person

Receipt# _____

Address: _____

Check # _____ Payable to 'University of Tennessee'

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____ †

Or pay on-line at: soillab.tennessee.edu

TN County (Sample is from): _____

Online order #: _____

Phone: _____

DASH department name and string (to at least dept #)

UT System Transfer only

Email: _____

Sample name (you give this)	Plant or turf diagnostic \$30 Includes microscope examination, media plate culturing, applicable immunostrip testing and identifying insect pests. Diagnostics are made to the treatment level.	Lab # (SPPC USE ONLY)

— We cannot confirm herbicide damage, household mold, or structural/fell tree wood decay —

PLANT NAME (and variety if known): _____ Year planted: _____

LOCATION: landscape lawn garden greenhouse field in home

SIGN / SYMPTOM: When did symptoms first appear? _____ # of plants or area affected _____ of _____

Symptom development: gradual sudden Distribution: scattered clustered in a row or pattern

Whole plant: stunted growth twisting wilting dieback Roots: exposed rotting easy to pull out of ground

On Leaf: yellowing spotting edge scorch necrotic spots distortion curling shot holes spider-like webbing
galls blisters mildew rust mottling/mosaic defoliation

On stems or trunk: weeping oozing cankers cracking holes fungi at base of plant

On fruit: mummified oozing rotting spotting scab On Flowers: distortion 'witches' broom'

PLANT/CROP HISTORY: _____ PAST PROBLEMS: _____

IRRIGATION: Yes No Source: _____ Method: sprinkler trickle drip furrow other _____

How often and when: _____ How much irrigation is applied _____

WEATHER (immediately prior to and during symptom development): hot cooler wet dry humid windy hail

SOIL: sandy loamy clayey potting media raised bed DRAINAGE: poor well

FERTILIZER/CHEMICAL HISTORY (names, rates, and dates): _____

Description or specific questions (be as specific as possible, remember the clinician is only seeing the specimen submitted)

Pictures to email are:

- 1) The plant as a whole
- 2) The landscape area around the plant.
- 3) Base of the plant and root flare.
- 4) Any holes, weeping, or other damage.

- Email pictures to:
plant_pictures@tennessee.edu
- Or scan the QR code to quickly pull up the email address.



Instructions for Collecting, Preparing, and Mailing Samples

Videos on sampling can be found at our website:

soillab.tennessee.edu/plant-pests/

Woody and shrub
Samples



vegetable and Herbaceous
samples



Lawn and Turf
Samples



Plant Disease Samples

1. Submit a COMPLETED Submission Sheet.
2. Send a whole plant sample, if possible. Dig plants out of the soil (DO NOT PULL). Gently shake excess soil from roots.
3. DO NOT wash roots.
4. When not possible to send whole plants, always send generous samples of above-ground portions (6 - 12 leaves per branch), and a good handful of feeder roots.
5. The sample must show various stages of symptom expression. When the whole plant can't be collected, select sample from the margin of the diseased area. Include a healthy plant if possible.
6. DO NOT send dry or dead material.
7. Enclose plant material in plastic bags; Bag root separate from above-ground portions. Place entire plant into a larger plastic bag.
8. DO NOT add water to any sample; DO NOT mix several host species in a single bag.
9. Send specimens immediately after collecting. If holdover periods are encountered, keep specimen (s) cold. Mail packages to arrive on weekdays (Monday thru Friday) rather than during a weekend or holiday.
10. Dead plants, material that is dry or decomposing on arrival and specimens arriving without necessary information and payment cannot be processed.

Turf or Golf Course Samples

1. Submit a COMPLETED Submission Sheet. PICTURES are required. Photos from standing height looking out across the turf are ideal. We must see the damage pattern.
2. When the disease is active, collect a cup-cutter sized plug (4" diameter) that is 4 - 5 inches deep from the edge of the infected area. That is take a plug from a good to bad transition. Wrap the plug in aluminum foil or saran wrap to keep it intact. Prevent soil from touching the leaves.
3. Ship overnight or bring immediately to the Center.
4. Collect samples prior to fungicide applications.

Please be advised, if pests of regulatory significance are identified on submitted samples, we are required to notify the Tennessee Department of Agriculture.